# EXHIBIT 8(b)

Page 13 1 P.J. Corless 2 So any steep slope permit that's Q required in conjunction with a subdivision --3 Α Any. 5 -- has to be obtained from the 0 6 planning board? 7 Yes sir. Α 8 MR. HARRINGTON: Put that aside for a second and let me show you what 10 we will mark as Exhibit B for 11 identification. 12 (Copy of chapter 118 of the 13 Village Code re Subdivision Land was 14 marked Defendant's Exhibit B for 15 identification.) 16 Mr. Corless, I am going to show you what we marked as Exhibit B, and again I'll 17 18 represent to you it is a copy of chapter 118 of 19 the Village Code entitled Subdivision Land, which 20 we secured from the Village's website. If you 21 could just look at it, and without going through 22 it in detail, are you generally familiar with 23 chapter 118 of the Village Code? 24 Α I am. 25 That's the chapter that governs 0

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     subdivision approvals, correct?
 3
                   That's correct.
                   In the Village of Pomona, the
 5
     planning board is the authority that approves
 6
     subdivision applications?
                   It is, yes.
 R
                   If you look at section 118-5, on the
     second page it states that, "No building permit
10
     can be issued for a single-family home until
11
     final subdivision approval has been issued by the
12
     planning board, " correct?
13
            Α
                   Correct.
14
                   And that's generally true in most
             0
15
     municipalities, correct?
16
                   In general. Sometimes older
17
     ordinances allow model homes, but ours does not.
18
                   If you go to 118-9, it's a
19
     definition section?
20
                   Yes.
             Α
21
                   And under the definition of
22
     Subdivision plat, or final plat, you see that?
23
                   I don't see -- I see major
24
     subdivision, minor subdivision. Subdivision plat
25
     or final plat, okay.
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Page 15 1 P.J. Corless 2 That states, quote, "A drawing in 3 final form, showing a proposed subdivision and containing all information or detail required by law and by these regulations to be presented to the planning board for approval, and which if approved may be duly filed and recorded by the applicant in the office of the County Clerk." Now, can you please explain for me, 10 in general, the process an applicant goes through 11 in securing subdivision approval say, for 12 example, a forty lot subdivision, generically the 13 process? 14 Applications are taken from the Α 15 village clerk for subdivision. We, in this 16 village we use the county standard form for 17 realty subdivision. And that's completed and submitted with an environmental impact assessment 19 form, usually the long form, because of this you 20 say forty lots. 21 Right. Q 22 Then the engineer together with a Α 23 surveyor will map out the properties in terms of 24 topography and boundary lines, and then lay out 25 roads horizontally, and then do some calculations

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Pomona, NY Page 16 1 P.J. Corless 2 about size of lots. We have a minimum of one 3 acre, actually 40,000 square feet not 43,560, in 4 our village, so they would start laying out lots. 5 There's minimum widths and minimum depths. 6 they would go through that process and submit 7 what's called a sketch plat and compare that 8 layout. The guidance would be from this 10 section 118, our law, which spells out the widths 11 of streets and the lengths of cul-de-sacs and the 12 curvature, horizontal and vertical, a whole bunch 13 of standards from which the geometry is based on 14 for the breaking up of a large parcel into 15 several smaller parcels. 16 And then when it is submitted for 17 sketch, it goes through a series of iterations on 18 changes, either brought on by the village 19 comments or by more information being collected 20 by the applicant related to traffic, to drainage, 21 to water, sewer, all the utilities. So it's an 22 involved process, generally takes a couple of 23 years for that big a project. 24 Does there come a time that the

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applicant actually submits a formal plat or plan

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2	to the planning board for consideration?	
3	A Yes.	
4	Q Does there come a time that the	
5	planning board holds a public hearing with	
6	respect to that issue?	
7	A Yes, we hold both preliminary and	
8	final, and nowadays for environmental impact, so	
9	we have three.	
10	Q Just so I'm clear, that initial map	
11	is known as a preliminary subdivision map,	
12	correct?	
13	A Yes, in village law it's	
14	preliminary, although we treat it as a sketch,	
15	which is an old fashioned way. But it's	
16	preliminary, yes.	
17	Q If we look at Section 118 in the	
18	Definition section, there is a definition for	
19	Preliminary plat?	
20	A Yes.	
21	Q That is the initial drawing that	
22	you're referring to, correct?	
23	A That's correct.	
24	Q And that's distinct from a final	
25	plat as we discussed a moment ago, correct?	
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2	A	That's correct.	
3	Q	The final plat is in fact the plat	
4	that's been	ultimately approved by the planning	
5	board, corre	ct?	
6	A	Correct. Most villages issue a	
7	preliminary	approval on the plat which fixes	
8	horizontal c	ontrol and then they can go on to	
9	other details.		
10	Q	Let's talk about that.	
11	А	Okay.	
12	Q	You mentioned a moment ago that the	
13	planning board conducts a public hearing?		
14	А	Yes.	
15	Q	And presumably hears testimony from	
16	both the applicant and the public with respect to		
17	a proposed subdivision?		
18	A	Correct.	
19	Q	Then there comes a time that they	
20	close the public hearing, correct?		
21	A	Usually.	
22	Q	At some point?	
23	A	Yes.	
24	Q	At that point in time, the planning	
25	board, withi	n a statutory period of time, has to	

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2	vote on whether to approve or not approve that
3	preliminary subdivision?
4	A That's correct.
5 ·	Q And if the preliminary subdivision
6	plan is approved, what is in fact approved at
7	that point? Again, using a 40 lot subdivision as
8	an example.
9	A Explicitly the horizontal alignments
10	are fixed, the number of lots are, quote,
11	established, and the road location again
12	horizontal control. And usually a conceptual,
13	water, sewer, drainage, utilities, are
14	established, and environmental issues have been
15	resolved to get to that point.
16	Q Now, with respect to the issue of
17	steep slopes?
18	A Yes.
19	Q In the preliminary subdivision
20	review phase, what if any review is given by the
21	planning board to steep slopes, as it relates to
22	lot count and road construction?
23	A Well, the surveyor would identify
24	and show on various hatching means on the map
25	steep slope, extremely steep slope, you know,

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Page 20 1 P.J. Corless those kind of things, and based upon the geometry 3 of the site, he would attempt to lay out lots without going into extremely steep slopes and certainly avoid them for roads and those kind of 5 6 things. So it's an involved process. 7 How about with respect to very steep 8 slopes? And my question is with respect to very 9 steep slopes, if a lot is comprised of entirely 10 property or land that's characterized as very 11 steep slope under the ordinance, what impact if 12 any, would that have? 13 He would lose his, some of the area Α 14 proportionally to the amount of steep slopes. We 15 don't allow them to build the roads across the 16 steep slopes, unless there is no alternative, and 17 we can't prevent the guy from using his property. 18 But we do deduct, or the code refers to a 19 deduction in area, and it's spelled out in the 20 ordinance. 21 Okay. Now, once a preliminary plat 22 is approved by the planning board, what happens 23 next in the subdivision approval process? 24 Well, once preliminary is received,

the process is essentially on the way to

Page 21 1 P.J. Corless 2 All the major issues that could completion. 3 prevent approval have been resolved to the satisfaction of the village planning board, and the completion of all kinds of details related to engineering and perhaps even legal issues are then put through the hoops. All the details are furnished and they're reviewed, and then we go back for --And when they are satisfied to all 10 11 the agencies, there are outside agencies that we 12 refer maps to, then we set it up again for a 13 public hearing. If those details aren't resolved, 14 0 15 can the preliminary plat be approved? 16 No. Usually it's a conditioned 17 preliminary approval. 18 So if I'm clear, preliminary approval is just that, it's a preliminary 19 approval, it's not a final approval, and it's 20 21 subject to certain conditions? Yes, you can imagine that there are 22 Α conditions that the planning board may want the 23 24 applicant to get approval of another agency, and 25 another agency may not want to review the map

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- until there is a preliminary map given, approval
- given. So you're caught between jurisdictions.
- So they would say, we will give you preliminary
- 5 approval based upon your submitting to New York
- 6 State Department of Transportation and getting
- <sup>7</sup> approval for the traffic, whatever.
- Okay. Let's go back to the steep
- slopes ordinance, in you could, that's chapter
- 119, and if you could refer to section 119-7.
- am going to read it into the record and then ask
- you a couple of questions.
- $^{13}$  A Yes.
- O Subsection (a) states, quote, "It is
- the intent of this chapter to incorporate the
- consideration of steep slope protection into the
- village's existing land use and development
- approval procedures in conjunction with the
- procedures of the New York State Environmental
- Quality Review Act.
- "To the maximum extent possible the
- review hearings and decisions upon any
- application process under this chapter will run
- concurrently with similar procedures that the
- approving authority may undertake in connection

Page 23 1 P.J. Corless with the other applications that are directly 2 3 related." Now, are you familiar with that 5 provision? Α I am. 7 And with respect to securing steep slope -- I am going to refer to it as a steep slope permit, if that's okay with you? 10 Yes. Α 11 In conjunction with obtaining steep 12 slope permits, can those permits be obtained in conjunction with the subdivision review process? 13 They are obtained with, the site 14 Α 15 plan incorporates that, quote, steep slope requirements in the review process, they are not 16 17 issued separately. Let me just put a finer point on 19 With respect to the process as you've defined it a moment ago, before final subdivision 20 approval is granted by the planning board, is 21 there anything that would prohibit an applicant 22 23 from obtaining the necessary steep slope permits for a, say, a 40-lot subdivision, given this 24 25 section?

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Page 24 1 P.J. Corless Again, for the sake of clarity and Α 3 detail, if you were to have a mythical 40-lot subdivision, the applicant by his engineer and attorney, would put on a mythical house, a 40 by 60 box, and show grading for that and show where 7 that is in relation to steep slopes, and where the driveways are and where the utilities And when final subdivision is granted, that 10 lot would have a steep slope approval for that 11 mythical 40 by 60 box. 12 In the real world the house might be 13 40 by 72 or 32 and 75, and all kinds of -- so we 14 make them come back, whenever it's bigger, come 15 back for another steep slope permit and another 16 public hearing. So you could go away with 17 approval for 40 lots, but you really don't have a 18 specific site plan approval until you come up 19 with a real house. 20 0 Unless, of course, you built the 21 real house within the confines of --22 Α Correct. 23 In certain jurisdictions that's 24 known as a building envelope? 25 No, the building envelope is the Α

Page 25 1 P.J. Corless maximum extent of the house. This would be the 3 footprint. Okay. So in this village, if you make the 5 footprint of the real house smaller, than the building inspector is allowed to issue a building permit. If the house is bigger in any dimension, then it's back to the planning board. So there 10 are some fine lines. 11 I understand? 0 12 And it varies. Ά 13 At the end of the day, in order to 14 secure final subdivision approval, an applicant must obtain steep slope approval for the mythical 16 houses that are depicted on each lot? 17 Α Correct. 18 If the developer subsequently wants 19 to exceed the boundaries of that mythical house, 20 he, she, or it has to come back to the planning 21 board to obtain a new steep slope permit? 22 But he does have the right to build Α 23 on the mythical house footprint. 24 Q Okay? 25 Not the building envelope. Α

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Page 26 1 P.J. Corless Okay. And the steep slope permits 2 0 are the types of the final details that you 3 talked about between preliminary subdivision 5 approval and final approval? 6 Right. Α If we look at section 119-7, it's 7 fair to say that that articulates the procedures 8 for the review and the making of the decision 9 10 with respect to steep slopes? Almost more than enough detail, yes. 11 Α 12 It goes on for --0 13 Α Pages. 14 And it's rather elaborate; is it 0 15 not? 16 Yes. Α 17 It involves an additional public 0 18 hearing, correct? 19 Correct. Α 20 And it involves a posting of a 21 letter of credit, correct? 22 Α Yes. 23 And it also permits the planning 24 board to require a phased site plan review? 25 Α Yes.

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Page 27 1 P.J. Corless Whether or not you recommend it or Q 3 not? Correct, that's a new amendment to Α 5 the local law. Q Okay. 7 It's not phase site plan review, Α 8 it's a phase site plan construction. 9 Let's look if you could, because I'm 10 new to this ordinance. Under section C6U. 11 Α 119 - 7?12 0 Yes. 13 C6U, okay. Α 14 0 In the first sentence it says, 15 quote, "The planning board shall have the 16 authority to require phase site development plan 17 review, whether or not recommended by the building inspector or village engineer and 18 19 regardless of the source of the information upon which the planning board bases its decision to 20 21 require phase site development plan review." 22 What does that mean? 23 Those words talk about the planning Α 24 board reviewing the site plan in various 25 In actuality, what the planning board phases.